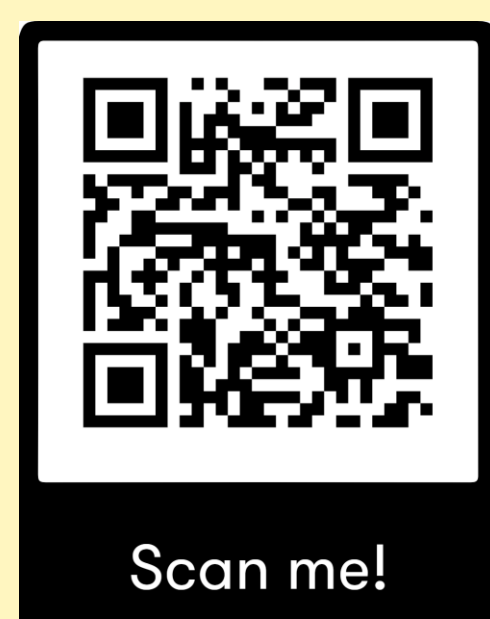


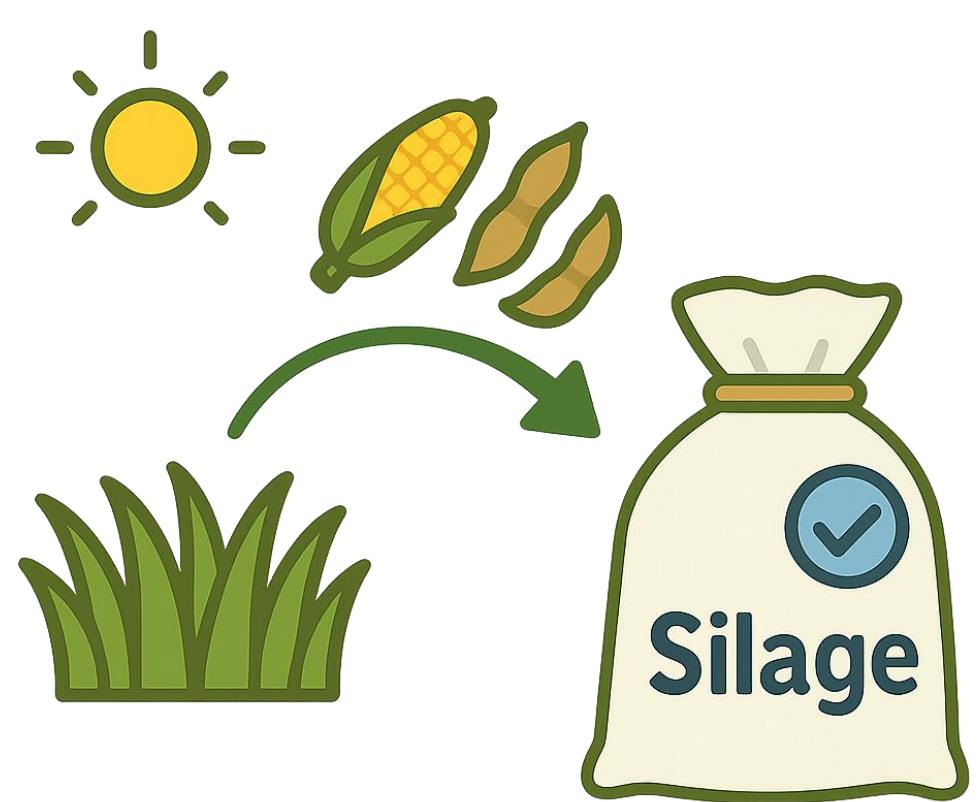


Reduce the wilt,
ensile with
concentrate — no
compromise on *in vitro* degradability!

✓ Total gas production, true dry matter digestibility and total volatile fatty acids concentrations were similar.



1 In a companion study...



- High quality silage was achieved by reduced wilting and adding dry concentrates (ground corn and soybean hulls).
- Reduced alfalfa silage pH.
- Reduced proteolysis in silage.

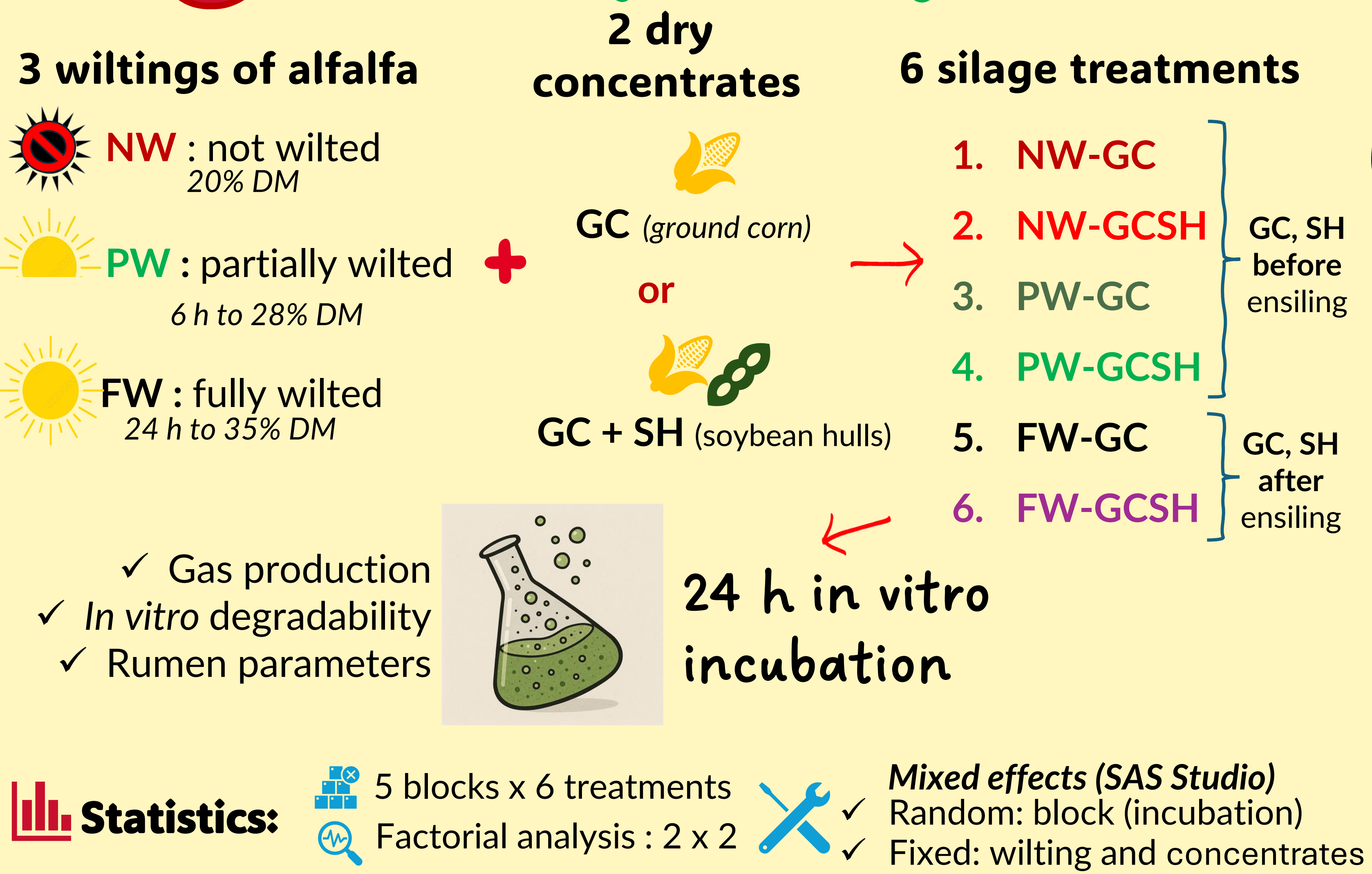
2 However...

The effects of these treatments on *in vitro* ruminal degradability remained unclear.

3 Objective

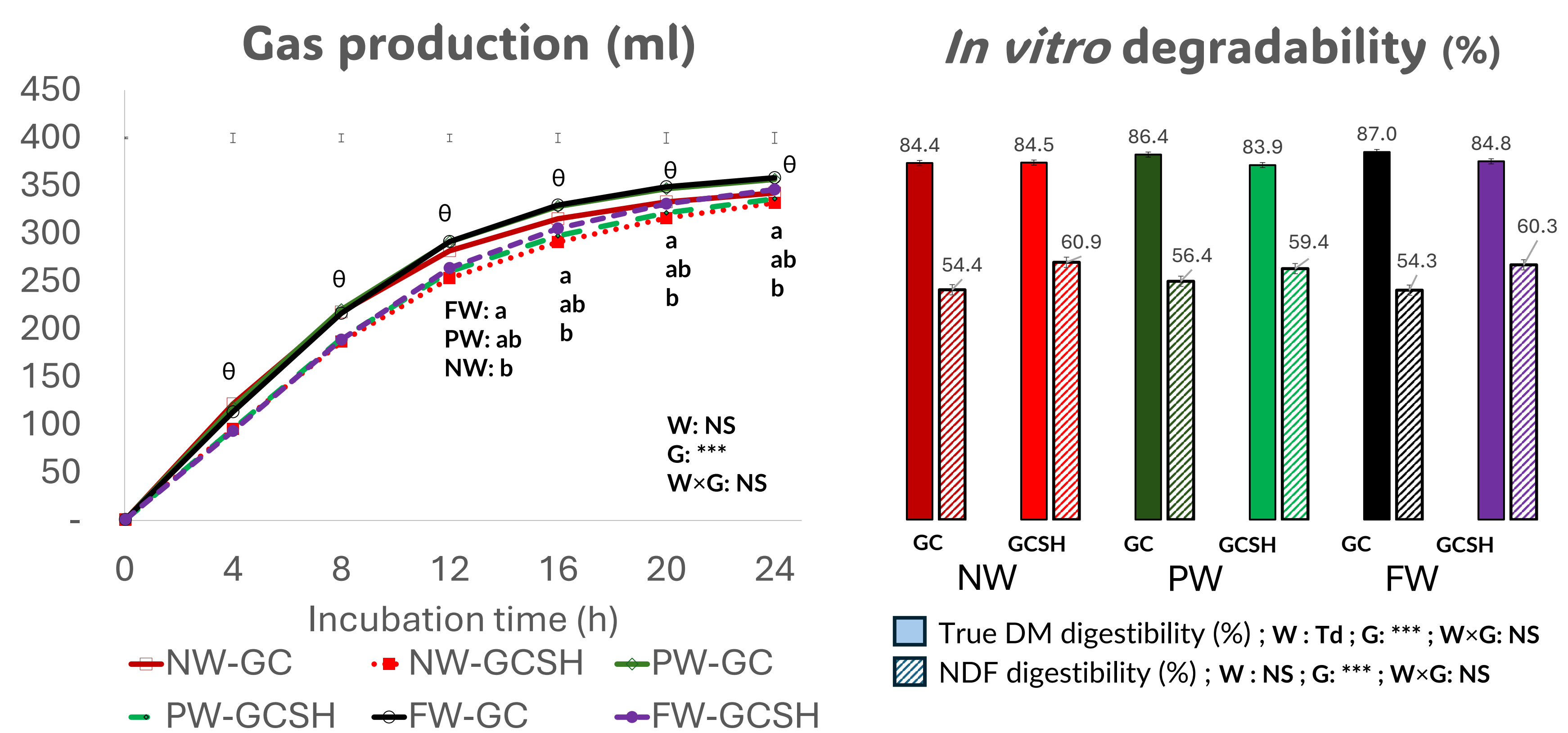
To assess the effects of reducing wilting time in alfalfa by adding corn grains with or without soybean hulls on silage *in vitro* degradability parameters.

4 In vitro degradability test



5 Results

Effects : W = wilting ; G = grain ; interaction W×G
P values : NS = P > 0.05 ; 0.10 ≥ Td > 0.05 ; * = 0.05 > P ≥ 0.01 ; *** = P < 0.01
At a time point : θ = GC vs GCSH (P ≤ 0.05) ; a, b, c = wilting (P ≤ 0.05)



Ruminal parameters

	NW		PW		FW		SEM	Effects ¹		
	GC	GCSH	GC	GCSH	GC	GCSH		W	G	W×G
pH	6.25	6.27	6.25	6.25	6.22	6.25	0.02	Td	***	NS
NH ₃ (mmol/l)	21.0	21.5	19.2	18.0	19.8	18.2	1.0	*	NS	NS
Total VFA (mmol/l)	90.1	88.9	85.9	81.5	88.3	75.6	5.4	NS	NS	NS
Acetate (% VFA)	56.8	58.9	56.2	59.1	55.0	58.8	0.8	*	***	Td
Propionate (% VFA)	25.3	24.2	25.1	24.4	25.5	24.3	0.7	NS	***	NS

Lazaniriana Randrantoarimbola¹, Édith Charbonneau¹, Mireille Thériault², Jean-Philippe Laroche³ and Fadi Hassanat²

¹Département des Sciences Animales, Université Laval, Québec, Canada

²Quebec Research And Development Center, Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada, Quebec, Canada

³Lactanet, Ste-Anne-de-Bellevue, Québec, Canada

Financial support

